CELEBRATING THE OPENING OF THE NATIONAL MUSEUM OF THE AMERICAN INDIAN

(Mr. BACA asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. BACA. Mr. Speaker, this week marks a monumental event in our national history. We celebrate the opening of the National Museum of the American Indian. We celebrate the Native American culture, tradition, and rich heritage that they have contributed to this great Nation.

This is a great tribute to the first Americans. We must not stop here. We must do more. We must do more to ensure that we honor our government's trust responsibility and protect tribal sovereignty.

I have stood by Native Americans and fought for their sovereignty since I was first elected to the assembly in California.

We must do more to provide tribes with resources to fulfill their basic needs. Tribes receive only about one-third of the money they need for vital programs. This is unacceptable.

We must do more to end the health disparities for Native Americans

We must do more to protect Native American lands.

Government entities must work together to meet the needs of Native Americans, making a brighter future for all of our people.

Native Americans must be treated with the respect they deserve.

That is why I have introduced H. Res. 167 to create a federally recognized holiday for Native Americans and instruct schools to teach about Native Americans, the role they have in our American history.

Let us remember our Native Americans who have made a great contribution to this Nation and this country.

□ 1415

FEDERAL LAW ENFORCEMENT TRAINING CENTER TRAINING FLIGHT DECK OFFICERS IN THE USE OF FIREARMS

(Mr. PEARCE asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. PEARCE. Mr. Speaker, this past weekend, I traveled with the Chairman of the Subcommittee on Aviation of the Committee on Transportation and Infrastructure to my district, to Artesia, New Mexico, where the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center is engaged in training Federal flight deck officers for carrying firearms on aircraft

Mr. Speaker, that is a policy that this House passed and that the President signed and has now implemented, and I can say that our traveling public is much safer because of the professional training that is being received by people who are flying our aircraft.

They are screened psychologically, they are screened in many other ways, so that after they come out of that facility, they come out able to defend the safety of the people on their aircraft at all cost, even up to and including the use of firearms.

Mr. Speaker, the terrorists should be aware of that. We have trained thousands and will continue training thousands more in my district. I would like to commend the people at the Federal Law Enforcement Training Center in Artesia, New Mexico.

NATIONAL MUSEUM OF THE AMERICAN INDIAN

(Mr. STUPAK asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. STUPAK. Mr. Speaker, today's grand opening of the Smithsonian National Museum of the American Indian is an excellent opportunity for this Congress and the public to develop a deeper understanding of issues that currently affect Native Americans, and also to celebrate their rich history and culture.

I am proud to be here today to commemorate the history of Native Americans nationally, and in my district of Northern Wisconsin, which is home to six Native American tribes: The Bay Mills Chippewa Indian Community, Hannahville Potawatomi Indian Community, Keweenaw Bay Indian Community, Lac Vieux Desert Band of Lake Superior Chippewa Indians, Little Grand Traverse Bay Band of Odawa Indiana, and the Sault Ste. Marie Tribe of Chippewa Indians.

The Smithsonian's National Museum of the American Indian is a great way of preserving their vibrant history and culture to our Nation. This beautiful long-awaited museum, located on the National Mall, will honor the culture of Native Americans who have contributed so much to this Nation and the world.

The museum, which is set against a backdrop of the United States Capitol building, symbolizes a deeper understanding and reconciliation between America's first citizens and those who have come to make these shores their home. This museum represents a spirit of the Native American tribes across this great Nation. I join them in celebrating the museum's grand opening.

Mr. Speaker, let us all work together to educate ourselves as to the issues affecting Native Americans in this Nation

COMMEMORATING OPENING OF AMERICAN INDIAN MUSEUM IN WASHINGTON D.C.

(Mr. GRIJALVA asked and was given permission to address the House for 1 minute and to revise and extend his remarks.)

Mr. GRIJALVA. Mr. Speaker, I rise today on behalf of the native people of

my district and of Arizona to commemorate the opening of the American Indian Museum today in Washington, D.C. This is an historic moment when, at long last, the indigenous people of this continent have a place to call their own on our National Mall and in our national consciousness.

The museum is not a place that will display relics of the past but a living monument to the multitudes of cultures, arts, and languages that exist in the Americas. This museum will be a living legacy to those who have come before and a gift to those who will be born in the future.

This morning I had the honor of seeing the procession of Native American people on our National Mall. Thousands of people from every corner of the continent filled the Mall. They came to make a ceremonial and symbolic journey representing the millions of native people who live and thrive on this continent.

So let us honor our first Americans and let us remember this day as a day where we continue to working and looking forward to extending the support and the respect that the first Americans deserve.

COMMUNICATION FROM THE CLERK OF THE HOUSE

The SPEAKER pro tempore (Mr. BOOZMAN) laid before the House the following communication from the Clerk of the House of Representatives:

OFFICE OF THE CLERK,

U.S. HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
Washington, DC, September 20, 2004.
Hon. J. DENNIS HASTERT,

The Speaker, U.S. House of Representatives, Washington, DC.

DEAR MR. SPEAKER: Pursuant to the permission granted in Clause 2(h) of Rule II of the Rules of the U.S. House of Representatives, I have the honor to transmit a sealed envelope received from the White House on September 20, 2004 at 2:15 p.m. and said to contain a message from the President whereby he notifies the Congress he has terminated the national emergency with respect to Libya by an Executive Order.

With best wishes, I am

Sincerely,

JEFF TRANDAHL, Clerk of the House.

TERMINATION OF EMERGENCY DE-CLARED IN EXECUTIVE ORDER 12543 WITH RESPECT TO LIBYA— MESSAGE FROM THE PRESIDENT OF THE UNITED STATES (H. DOC. NO. 108–216)

The SPEAKER pro tempore laid before the House the following message from the President of the United States; which was read and, together with the accompanying papers, without objection, referred to the Committee on International Relations and ordered to be printed:

To the Congress of the United States:

Consistent with subsection 204(b) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act, 50 U.S.C. 1703(b)